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Company Overview

Cheniere Energy, Inc (LNG)

- Houston, TX-based LNG company and the leading U.S. exporter of liquefied natural gas
- Founded in 1996 and pivoting to LNG exports in 2016, Cheniere owns and operates two large-scale terminals Sabine Pass & Corpus Christi— with expansion projects currently underway to increase total capacity beyond ~45 mtpa
- Utilizes a long-term, fixed-fee contract model to liquefy and deliver U.S. natural gas to over 35 countries worldwide through its vertically integrated Gulf Coast infrastructure

Leadership



Jack Fusco CEO (2016-Present)



Zach Davis CFO (2013-Present)



Sean Markowitz CLO (2015-Present)



Anatol Feygin CCO (2014-Present)

2024 Key Metrics

Employees: ~ 1,700Market cap: \$50.89bn

• **Revenue**: \$15.7bn

CapEx: \$2.2bn

Exports: 646 cargoes/2,327 TBtu

Capacity: ~ 45 MTPAFree Cash Flow: \$3.2bn

Annual Dividend: \$2.00 per share

History

1996

Founded
Cheniere Energy
Inc, upstream
energy company

2016

First LNG Export

produced & export

first LNG cargo

from Lower 48

2007 IPO

NYSE: LNG

2018

Corpus Christi

Greenfield LNG

export facility in

Texas

2008

Sabine Pass operational; designed for LNG imports 2010

Shift to exports
Sabine Pass adds
export capabilities

2022

Corpus Christi Expansion FID for Stage 3 expansion 2026

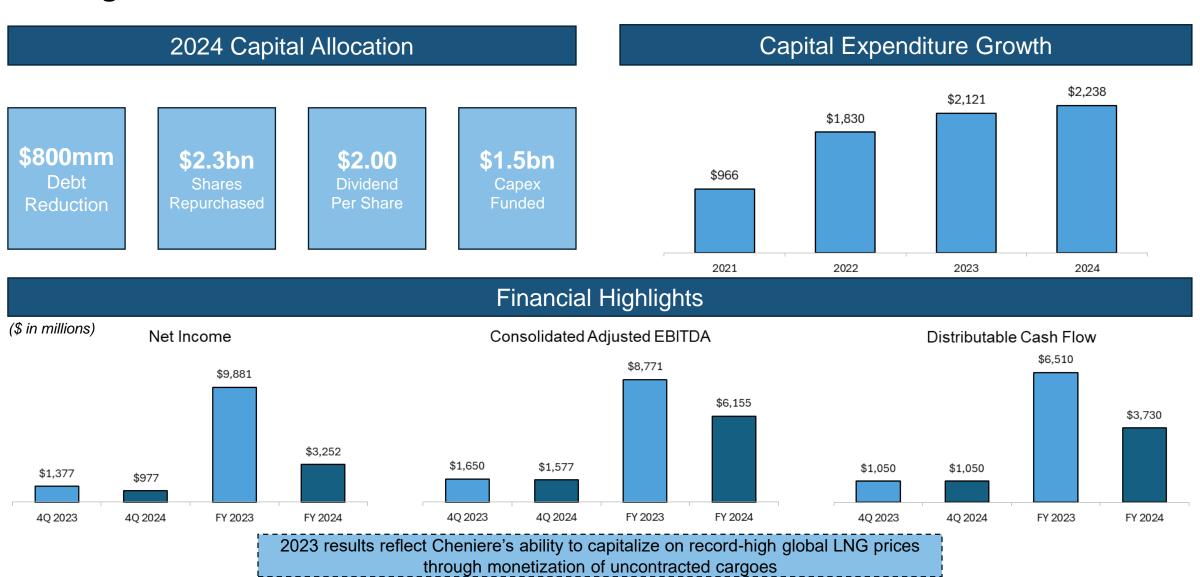
CCL Stage 3
Completion
7 total trains &
~10 mtpa increase

Global Energy Provider





Strategic Overview



Operations

Simplified LNG Value Chain

Natural Gas Sourcing



Cheniere purchases natural gas from U.S. producers across major basins

Pipeline Transportation



The gas is transported through pipelines to facilities and removed of impurities

Liquefaction



Purified natural gas is cooled to –260°F, converting it into a liquid and reducing volume by 600x

LNG Shipping



The LNG is loaded onto specialized tankers and exported to 35+ countries

Regasification



LNG is regasified and used for power and heating

Contract Info

Long Term Fixed Fee

- 15-20 year "take-or-pay" agreements where the customer pays a capacity fee regardless of usage
- Stable and predictable cash flow

SPAs

- Customer pays for natural gas plus a fixed liquefaction fee and retains ownership of processed LNGs
- Indexed to U.S. gas prices; provides cost pass-through

Short Term Spot Sales

- Uncontracted cargoes are sold at prevailing global prices
- Upside optionality, but more volatile margins

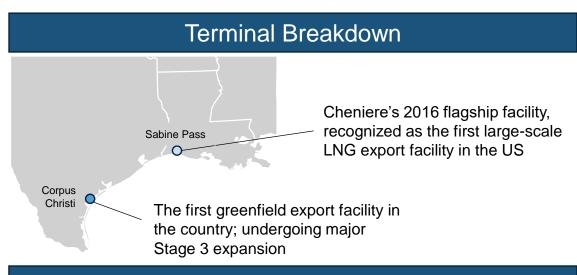
Highlights

- 90% of 2025 <u>operational volumes</u> expected to be sold in long term agreements
- 85% of total production capacity is contracted through long-term SPAs
- Remaining uncontracted cargoes are sold at spot prices, allowing for upside during high pricing cycles

Cheniere makes money on the "liquefaction margin" — converting U.S. gas into LNG and exporting it under long-term contracts or at spot prices



Operations



Corpus Christi

~25_{mtpa}
Total Production
Capacity

Trains in Operation

~1,090
Cargoes Produced & Exported

- **10+ mtpa** Stage 3 project ~77% complete, adding 7 total trains
- Achieved first LNG from Train 1 of Stage 3 in December 2024
 - 2 additional trains expected to be completed in 2025
 - Remaining 4 trains expected in 2026
- Up to ~2.8 mtpa of long-term contracts available to support Train 8 & 9 development



Sabine Pass

~30_{mtpa}
Total Production
Capacity

6
Trains in Operation

~2,840
Cargoes Produced & Exported

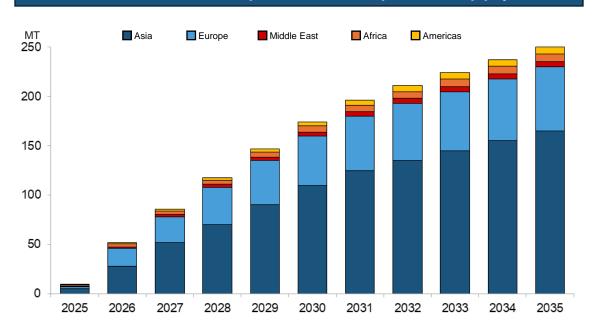
- 20+ mtpa SPL Expansion Project in permitting process; FID anticipated in 2026
- Developing Carbon Capture & Storage (CCS) opportunities
- Up to ~7 mtpa of long-term contracts available to support the SPL Expansion project

Expansion projects expected to increase production by ~30+ mtpa by EOY 2026



Industry Overview

Market Will Require ~230mtpa of Supply



- The Asian Pacific region is expected to account for over 60% of global LNG demand growth through 2035
 - China, India, and other nations are phasing out coal-fired power plants as they pursue energy diversification
- Europe is prioritizing energy security and independence from Russian pipeline gas
 - Long-term contracts and new regasification capacity is ramping up across Germany, Poland, and the Baltics

Market Sensitive to Supply & Demand Disruptions

Tightening Factors	Δ ΜΤ	
Trinidad and Tobago Exports	(0.5)	(5.1) MT
Algeria Exports	(1.8)	Supply Reduction From Resource
Egypt Exports	(2.8)	Depletion
Egypt Imports	+2.4	
Columbia Low Hydro Power	+0.9	
Brazil Low Hydro Power	+1.9	+18.6 MT Demand From
South Asia Heat Wave	+2.3	Weather &
SE Asia Heat Wave	+2.8	Resource Depletion
NE Asia Heat Wave	+8.3	

Loosening Factors	ΔΜΤ	
Arctic LNG 2	+0.6	
Plaquemines	+0.1 +3.5 MT	
NFE Altamira	+0.2 Supply From	
Tango	+0.4 New Projects	
Other Operational Projects	+2.3	



Industry Overview (Domestic U.S.)

Trump's Bullish Administration



Pro-Energy White House

Trump administration actively supports LNG export growth projects



Accelerated DOE Approvals

DOE resumed rapid approval of LNG exports, removing a key regulatory bottleneck



Energy Secretary Chris Wright

Advocate for LNG as a bridge fuel — boosting demand and credibility in global markets

Strategic Impact



Faster Expansion Timelines

Less regulatory delays = quicker path to revenue



Supportive Growth Narrative

Admin's stance boosts domestic and global demand



Competitive Advantage

Size & contracts enable faster response to demand



Expanded Contract Opps

Clear policy and demand drive new long-term contracts

Broader Domestic Tailwinds



Record U.S. Natural Gas Production

Abundant supply, low-cost feedstock



Increased LNG Demand from U.S. Allies

Geopolitical factors & energy security concerns favor U.S. LNG supply



Infrastructure Advantage

Ideal Gulf Coast location, with existing liquefaction and export capacity

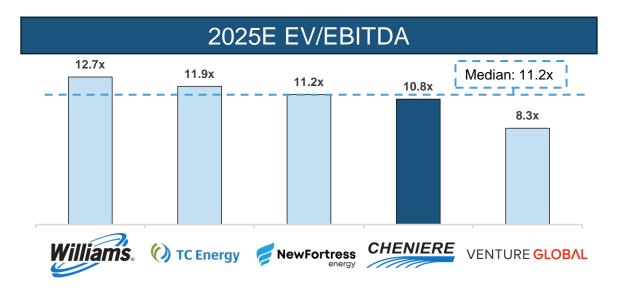
Despite regulatory shifts, Cheniere remains committed to environmental transparency — achieving an AAA ESG rating (MSCI), publishing detailed life-cycle emissions data, and targeting methane intensity of just 0.03% by 2027 across both terminals.

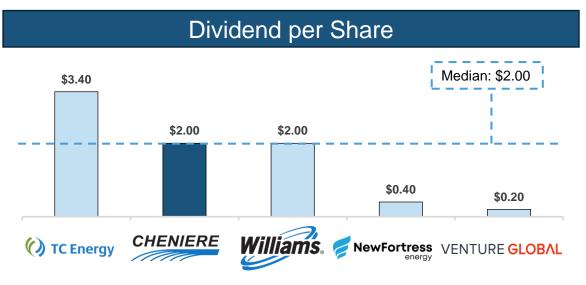


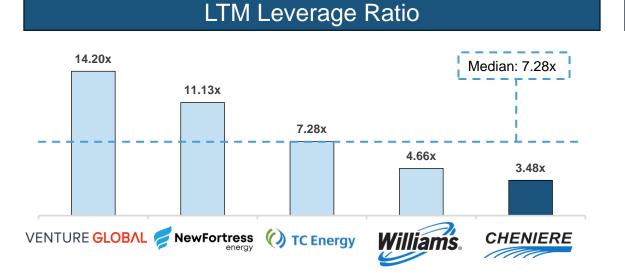
Risk Analysis

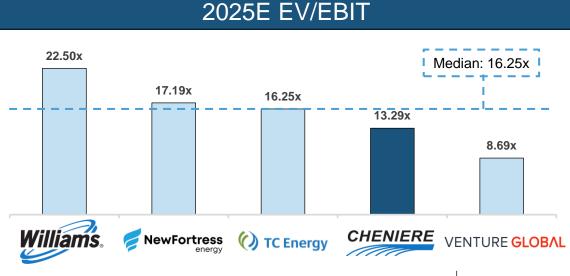
Risk	Analysis
International Exposure	 Green New China: shift into green perspective, investing in electrification and renewables in wind and PV Changes in the interpretation of existing laws and regulations could harm operations
LNG Export Permitting	 If the Trump administration does not pursue their commitment to resume LNG permitting, there may be potential struggles to reach operational and shareholder demands
Developing Regions	 Developing countries often take on significant debt to finance infrastructure expansion Concerns over currency volatility and repayment risks can discourage trade with these nations, potentially limiting Cheniere's global market opportunities
Capital Expenditures	 Infrastructure costs and asset heavy balance sheet requires significant investment Cheniere's sustainable dividend and payout policy ensures financial flexibility for future initiatives and balances shareholder returns with long-term growth potential
Pricing	Volatility in pricing due to: • Additions to global regasification capacity • Introduction of tariffs on imports of LNG • Excess export capacity worldwide

Comparable Company Analysis









Broker Outlook



CHENIERE UIG – Energy Sector
Florida State University

Discounted Cash Flow Analysis

Unlevered Free Cash Flow Calculation					
	2025E	2026E	2027E	2028E	2029E
EBITDA	\$7,648.77	\$8,528.37	\$9,338.57	\$9,992.27	\$10,242.07
(-) Depreciation & Amortization	(\$2,145.15)	(\$2,391.84)	(\$2,619.07)	(\$2,802.40)	(\$2,872.46)
EBIT	\$5,503.62	\$6,136.53	\$6,719.50	\$7,189.87	\$7,369.61
(-) Tax Expense	(\$841.68)	(\$938.47)	(\$1,027.63)	(\$1,099.56)	(\$1,127.05)
NOPAT	\$4,661.93	\$5,198.06	\$5,691.87	\$6,090.30	\$6,242.56
(+) Depreciation & Amortization	\$2,145.15	\$2,391.84	\$2,619.07	\$2,802.40	\$2,872.46
(-) Change Net Working Capital	\$1,074.93	\$2,040.57	\$330.17	\$266.40	\$101.80
(-) CapEx	(\$2,504.32)	(\$2,752.39)	(\$2,970.14)	(\$3,131.26)	(\$3,161.59)
Free Cash Flow	\$3,227.84	\$2,796.95	\$5,010.63	\$5,495.04	\$5,851.63

WACC		Perpetuity Growth Method		
Cost of Debt	6.24%	Perpetuity Growth Rate	2.0%	
Tax Rate	15.29%	Terminal Value	\$98,708	
After-Tax Cost of Debt	5.29%	PV of Terminal Value	\$67,034	
Cost of Equity	10.01%	PV of Cash Flows	\$17,362	
Weight of Equity	58.48%	Enterprise Value	\$84,395	
Weight of Debt	41.52%	(-) Net Debt	\$31,475	
WACC	8.05%	Equity Value	\$52,920	
		Dilluted Shares Outstanding	226	
		Equity Value per Share	\$233.69	
		(Premium) / Discount to Price	6.18%	

Multiples Method	
EBITDA Multiple	10.0x
Terminal Value	\$102,421
PV of Terminal Value	\$69,555
PV of Cash Flows	\$17,362
Enterprise Value	\$86,917
(-) Net Debt	\$31,475
Equity Value	\$55,442
Dilluted Shares Outstanding	226
Equity Value per Share	\$244.82
(Premium) / Discount to Price	11.24%

Using Original Methods				
Blended Implied Price				
Implied Price: \$239.25				
8.71% Discount %	ó			
\$19.16 Discount P	rice			



Discounted Cash Flow Sensitivity Analysis

Perpetuity Growth Discount % (+/-)

	1.50%	1.75%	2.00%	2.25%	2.50%
7.05%	25.58%	33.19%	41.55%	50.78%	61.03%
7.55%	9.18%	15.44%	22.26%	29.73%	37.94%
8.05%	-4.70%	0.52%	6.18%	12.32%	19.02%
8.55%	-16.61%	-12.19%	-7.44%	-2.31%	3.24%
9.05%	-26.92%	-23.15%	-19.12%	-14.78%	-10.12%

Terminal Multiple Discount % (+/-)

	9.00x	9.50x	10.00x	10.50x	11.00 x
7.05%	4.32%	11.62%	18.93%	26.24%	33.55%
7.55%	0.75%	7.89%	15.03%	22.17%	29.32%
8.05%	-2.72%	4.26%	11.24%	18.21%	25.19%
8.55%	-6.10%	0.72%	7.54%	14.36%	21.18%
9.05%	-9.39%	-2.72%	3.94%	10.60%	17.27%

Averages of Blended Discount % (+/-)					
14.95%	22.41%	30.24%	38.51%	47.29%	
4.96%	11.66%	18.65%	25.95%	33.63%	
-3.71%	2.39%	8.71%	15.27%	22.10%	
-11.35%	-5.74%	0.05%	6.02%	12.21%	
-18.15%	-12.94%	-7.59%	-2.09%	3.58%	

Using W.A of Blended Scenarios

Blended Implied Price

Implied Price: \$240.01

9.05% Discount %

\$19.92 Discount Price



Football Field



Investment Thesis

Global LNG Infrastructure Leader

- The U.S. is the world's top LNG exporter, and Cheniere leads domestically with ~45+ mtpa of operational capacity
- Long term fixed fee contracts allow for cash flow stability while spot pricing provides upside potential

Expansion Driven Growth

- ~\$1.5bn invested into CCL Stage 3, which is 77% complete and alongside the SPL expansion will add ~30mtpa of capacity by 2026
- Expansions are supported by up to ~10 mtpa of new contracts, providing cash flow certainty and strengthening the investment case

Positioned for Global Demand Surge

- Global LNG demand is set to grow by ~230 mtpa through 2035, led by Asia and Europe as countries continue to phase out coal
- U.S. policy under a pro-energy administration accelerates export approvals, creating a multi-year tailwind

Attractive Valuation Mispricing

- Despite its scale, contracted cash flows, and forward growth, Cheniere trades at a discount to its peers
- The market has not fully priced in the production ramp up from Stage 3 and SPL expansion

